Alternative Solutions

Emerging Medical Protocols + New Technologies = A New Formula for Future LTC



17th Annual Intercompany Long Term Care Insurance Conference

Agenda



• Background and context: John O'Leary, President

O'Leary Marketing Associates LLC

- Pre-claim interventions-A case study: Loretta Jacobs, FSA, MAAA
 Senior Vice President, Health Product Management
 CNO Financial Group
- Data Driven Technology in Long-Term Care: Nick Padula, Vice President Home Healthcare Monitoring, North America Philips Lifeline



Data On Challenges Faced By Carriers

LOOKING AT THE PRESENT:

- Claims and reserves uncertainty
- Extensive price hikes means limited new sales potential
- Raises serious questions about the existing model
- Insured block:
 - o 7.2 million policies
 - o Approaching \$2 trillion value if all used...
 - o More likely estimate is **\$800 billion** (Cohen, State of the Industry NAIC)
 - o Little contact with insureds prior to claims

Data On Emerging LTC Needs For Seniors

LOOKING TO THE FUTURE:

- 7 in 10 people over 65 will need care
- 5 in 10 will need care that would trigger LTC benefits
- Average cost of care for those using it is about \$260 K
- For women, over \$300 K
- Ratio of people of caregiving age about 7:1 in 2010
- Same ratio projected to be only 3:1 in 2050

From Purchase to Claim



An approach to managing future LTC care and claim liabilities

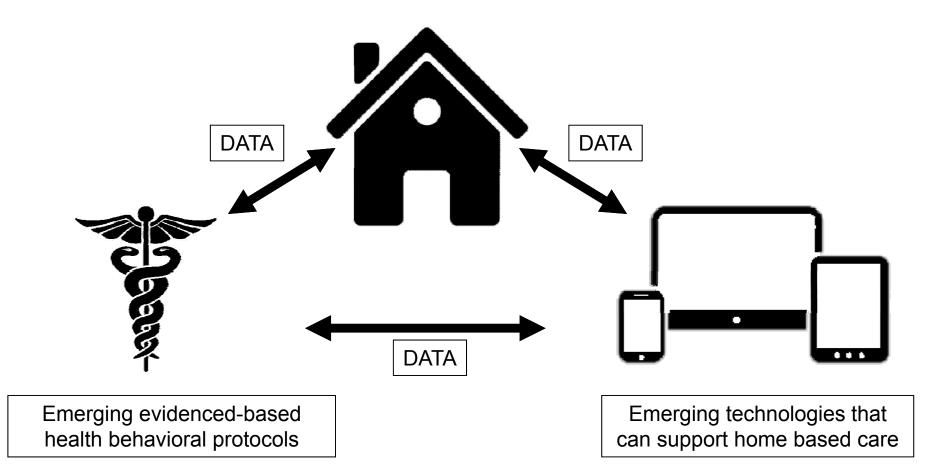
Encourage/incent appropriate preventive measures- claim minimization and mitigation

Condition monitoring and management–claim mitigation-stay at home

PurchasePre-ClaimClaimNo or fewBeginning symptomsHits benefit triggers: 2 ADLSsymptoms- early interventionsor cognitive impairment



An Emerging Care Paradigm



ILTCI



Care Site	Avg Daily Claim \$s	Avg Daily Claim \$s	Stay at home	Monthly	Months to Payback
	HHC	NH	Daily Difference	Savings at home	\$1,000 Investment
\$100 avail DMB	\$85	\$97	\$12	\$365	2.7
\$150 avail DMB	\$114	\$137	\$23	\$700	1.4
\$200 avail DMB	\$131	\$165	\$34	\$1,034	1.0
\$250 avail DMB	\$151	\$212	\$61	\$1,855	0.5
\$300 avail DMB	\$158	\$242	\$84	\$2,555	0.4

• Keeping claimants safely home as long as reasonably possible appears to:

- Save significant claim dollars
- Justify modest investments
- Have the potential to be a win/win for carriers and claimants
- Be a testable proposition

"Cost of Formal Long Term Care Study" Peggy Hauser, PricewaterhouseCoopers Janet Perrie, PricewaterhouseCoopers October 24, 2016



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Loretta Jacobs, FSA, MAAA Senior Vice President, Health Product Management CNO Financial Group



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Who needs long term care?

- Elderly with chronic conditions such as Alzheimer's disease or severe cardiovascular disease
 - From Alzheimer's Association "2012 Alzheimer's Disease Facts and Figures", 2012:
 - 13% of the aged 65+ have Alzheimer's
 - 45% of the aged 85+ have Alzheimer's
 - >5.4 million in 2012 have Alzheimer's
 - » 10% are under age 75; 46% are age 85+
- Children born with disabling conditions, such as mental retardation or cerebral palsy
- Working age adults with inherited or acquired disabling conditions such as paralysis or mental illness





The US population is rapidly aging, increasing the need for viable LTC funding:

Population Projection Statistics					
Depulation in millions	2010	2020	2050		
Population in millions	<u>2010</u>	<u>2030</u>	<u>2050</u>		
Age 65 to 84	34.5	63.3	69.5		
<u>Age 85+</u>	<u> </u>	8.7	19.0		
Age 65+	40.2	72.0	88.5		
From: US Census Bureau "Curre	ent Populatior	n Reports" , N	1a y 2010		





Possible Elements of Claims Improvement Strategy

- Early intervention for those at elevated risk, such as diabetics or people with high BP
- Promote (or earlier identify) claimant recoveries
- Reduce LTC claims waste, fraud and abuse
- Better coordinate utilization of entire health care system (Medicare and LTC)





- Identify people at elevated risk
 - Predictive Modeling
 - Claims experience in other lines of business
- Devise strategies to mitigate risk
 - Focus on changes that are expected to improve outcomes (chronic disease management, diet, exercise, smoking cessation, health screenings to raise awareness)
- Encourage insureds to utilize mitigation strategies e.g. address blocked carotid artery





- LTC policyholders have received discounted Life Line offers since 2005; other lines have offered since 2010.
- Screenings are completely voluntary and paid for by customers.
- Over 3% of inforce LTC policyholders have been screened at least once.
- We do not know their screening *results*.
- Studied LTC (and Med Supp) claims experience for screened vs. not screened.





Summary of Experience Study Results

- LTC claims incidence rates for screened population were approximately *half* of the rates for the non-screened.
- LTC claim lengths for screened group were **18% longer** than for non-screened.
 - Screened population had higher preponderance of dementia claims and lower preponderance of cancer and vascular claims.
 - For a given diagnosis, claims for screened population were longer than claims for non-screened.
- Overall claim costs (claims incidence times claim length) were approximately 1/3 lower for the screened group than the non-screened.
- Med Supp claims experience for the screened population was approximately 15% better than for non-screened.





LTC and STC p	olicies with know	<u>n marital s</u>	status:					<u>Infc</u>	orce Totals	
		<u>Claim</u>		Incidence	Avg Days				<u>Avg</u>	<u>Av</u> Attaine
<u>Screened?</u>	Marital Group	<u>Count</u>	<u>Exposure</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>on Claim</u>	<u>Cla</u>	aim Cost	Avg Iss Age	<u>Duration</u>	<u>Ag</u>
Ν	Yes	7,275	468,590	1.55%	634.84	\$	9.86	65.4	9.9	75.3
<u>Y</u>	Yes	184	23,248	<u>0.79%</u>	740.61	<u>\$</u>	<u>5.86</u>	64.2	11.0	75.2
Y/N Ratios:		2.5%	5.0%	51%	117%		<mark>59%</mark>			
Y - N:								(1.2)	1.1	(0.1
Expected Ratio	o (8% claim cost g	growth/ye	ar):	<mark>99%</mark>						
								Info	orce Totals	
										Avg
		Claim		Incidence	Avg Days				Avg	<u>Attained</u>
Screened?	Marital Group	<u>Count</u>	<u>Exposure</u>	Rate	<u>on Claim</u>	<u>Cla</u>	aim Cost	Avg Iss Age	Duration	Age
N	No	18,041	574,865	3.14%	398.49	\$	12.51	68.5	8.0	76.5
<u>Y</u>	<u>No</u>	364	21,510	<u>1.69%</u>	571.91	\$	9.68	66.6	9.8	76.4
Y/N Ratios:		2.0%	3.7%	54%	144%		77%			
Y - N:								(1.9)	1.8	(0.1
Expected Ration	o (8% claim cost g	growth/ye	ar):	<mark>99%</mark>						
								Info	orce Totals	
										<u>Av</u>
		<u>Claim</u>		Incidence	Avg Days				Avg	<u>Attainec</u>
Screened?	Marital Group	<u>Count</u>	Exposure	<u>Rate</u>	<u>on Claim</u>	<u>Cla</u>	aim Cost	Avg Iss Age	Duration	Age
N	All known	25,316	1,043,456	2.43%	465.05	\$	11.28	67.2	8.8	76.0
<u>Y</u>	<u>All known</u>	<u>548</u>	44,758	<u>1.22%</u>	629.70	<u>\$</u>	7.7 <u>1</u>	65.4	10.4	75.8
Y/N Ratios:		2.2%	4.3%	50%	135%		<mark>68%</mark>			
Y - N:								(1.8)	1.6	(0.2
Expected Ratio	o (8% claim cost g	rowth/ve	ar):	98%						



LTC policies by	<u>underwriting ris</u>	<u>k class; ST</u>	<u>C policies se</u>	parate:				Info	orce Totals	
	<u>LTC</u> <u>Underwriting</u>	<u>Claim</u>		Incidence	<u>Avg Days</u>				Avg	<u>Avg</u> Attained
<u>Screened?</u>	Risk Class	<u>Count</u>	<u>Exposure</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>on Claim</u>	<u>Cla</u>	im Cost	Avg Iss Age	<u>Duration</u>	Age
N	Preferred	1,023	100,200	1.02%	687.11	\$	7.02	62.2	9.5	71.7
<u>Y</u>	Preferred	43	7,327	<u>0.59%</u>	832.22	<u>\$</u>	4.88	62.9	10.4	73.3
Y/N Ratios:		4.2%	7.3%	57%	121%		<mark>70%</mark>			
Y - N:								0.7	0.9	1.6
Expected Ratio	o (8% claim cost g	growth/yea	ar):	113%						
								Info	orce Totals	•
	<u>LTC</u> Underwriting	Claim		Incidence	Avg Days				Avg	<u>Avg</u> Attained
Screened?	Risk Class	Count	Exposure	Rate	<u>on Claim</u>	<u>Cla</u>	im Cost	Avg Iss Age	Duration	Age
N	Standard	19,512	716,367	2.72%	552.99	\$	15.06	67.4	10.8	78.2
Y	<u>Standard</u>	432	31,640	1.37%	709.61	\$	9.69	<u>65.5</u>	11.2	76.7
Y/N Ratios:		2.2%	4.4%	50%	128%		64%			
Y - N:								(1.9)	0.4	(1.5)
Expected Ratio	o (8% claim cost g	growth/yea	ar):	88%						
-										
								<u>Infc</u>	orce Totals	
	<u>LTC</u>									<u>Avg</u>
	<u>Underwriting</u>	<u>Claim</u>		<u>Incidence</u>	<u>Avg Days</u>				Avg	<u>Attained</u>
<u>Screened?</u>	Risk Class	<u>Count</u>	<u>Exposure</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>on Claim</u>	<u>Cla</u>	im Cost	<u>Avg Iss Age</u>	<u>Duration</u>	<u>Age</u>
N	Substandard	429	36,035	1.19%	473.87	\$	5.64	68.0	4.2	72.2
<u>Y</u>	<u>Substandard</u>	5	1,218	<u>0.41%</u>	404.58	<u>\$</u>	1.66	66.6	6.4	73.0
Y/N Ratios:		1.2%	3.4%	34%	85%		<mark>29%</mark>			
Y - N:								(1.4)	2.2	0.8
Expected Ratio	o (8% claim cost g	growth/yea	ar):	106%						
								Inforce Totals		
	STC ONLY	Claim		Incidence	Avg Days				Avg	<u>Avg</u> <u>Attained</u>
Screened?	GROUP	Count	Exposure	Rate	on Claim	<u>Cla</u>	im Cost	Avg Iss Age	Duration	Age
N	All	4,551	194,630	2.34%	119.63	\$	2.80	68.3	3.9	72.2
<u>Y</u>	All	70	4,584	<u>1.53%</u>	113.37	\$	1.73	67.9	6.1	74.0
Y/N Ratios:		1.5%	2.4%	65%	95%		62%			
Y - N:								(0.4)	2.2	1.8
	o (8% claim cost g	rowth /ve	ar).	114%				(21.1)		2.0





	Non-Life	Line	Life Li	ne	Life Line vs. Non-Life Line	
						Unexplained
		% of all		% of all	% of all	Increase in
Diagnosis Categories	Claim Count	Claims	Claim Count	Claims	Claims	Claim Days %
Alzheimer's/Mental	7,796	27.6%	174	30.4%	10%	22%
Arthritis	2,738	9.7%	60	10.5%	8%	-9%
Cancer	1,718	6.1%	25	4.4%	-28%	98%
Circulatory/Hypertension/Stroke	4,528	16.0%	79	13.8%	-14%	17%
Ill-Defined and Miscellaneous Conditions	1,874	6.6%	33	5.8%	-13%	16%
Injury	3,361	11.9%	65	11.4%	-5%	21%
Nervous System and Sense Organs	1,807	6.4%	46	8.0%	26%	16%
Respiratory	1,341	4.8%	26	4.5%	-4%	14%
<u>All Other</u>	3,067	<u>10.9%</u>	64	<u>11.2%</u>	<u>3%</u>	<u>4%</u>
Total	28,230	100.0%	572	100.0%	0%	18%



 Medicare Supplement claims experience also favorable for those who were screened

		Loss Ratio for	Overall Loss	<u>Screened /</u>
		<u>Screened</u>	<u>Ratio (all</u>	Overall Loss
<u>Sub Block</u>	<u># Screened</u>	<u>Group</u>	<u>business)</u>	<u>Ratio</u>
1	3,811	55.0%	63.8%	86%
2	1,699	55.8%	71.3%	78%
3	233	79.5%	85.7%	93%
<u>4</u>	83	<u>68.6%</u>	<u>81.7%</u>	<u>84%</u>
Total	5,826	56.4%	66.8%	84%



- Both LTC and Med Supp claims experience for screened population is materially better than for non-screened.
- Voluntary screened population may be a good proxy for people who would voluntarily engage in wellness programs.
- Screening offers may be a good starting point for overall wellness initiatives.



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Data Driven Technology in Long-Term Care

Nick Padula Philips Technology

Tuesday March 28, 2017

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17th Annual Intercompany Long Term Care Insurance Conference





- Healthcare Market and implications to longterm care
- Wearables: Falls, chronic conditions and longterm care
- Disruptive Tech... Today
- A medical savings story... Partners Health case study



Healthcare Market



US seniors are **12%** of the population, but **33%** of hospital **H** stays, and **44%** of hospitalization costs

96% of seniors 65+ agree they'd really like to continue living on their own for as long as possible

1 in 3 seniors will fall each year



Falls account for over **60%** of all nonfatal-injury emergency department visits in the 65-and-older population

Each year, **25%** of Medicare patients will move from moderate risk to higher risk

42% of U.S. adults 65 or older take five or more medications **20%** of seniors aged 70-74 use a smartphone

Approximately 92% of older adults have at least one chronic disease



Elderly Hospital Patients



"Arriving Sick and Leaving Disabled"



lanet Prochazka is treated at San Francisco General. KAISER HEALTH NEWS

USA TODAY

U.S.News

About one third of patients over 70 years old and more than half of patients over 85 leave the hospital more disabled than when they arrived, <u>research</u> shows

"They come into the hospital with one thing, but they leave with another," says Krumholz, whose study of Medicare patients appears in today's Journal of American Medical Association. "Maybe what is going on is that people, through the hospitalization, are acquiring a new condition, something that makes them susceptible to a whole range of problems."

Among readmitted patients, 90% of those initially diagnosed with a heart attack came back with a different problem.

Source: Anna Gorman, August 10, 2016 - Kaiser Health News



Technology Integrates Consumers and <u>Providers, Delivering Care to the Patient</u>







Wearables: Falls, chronic conditions and long-term care

Emerging Technologies

Leader in medical alert technology

- Industry founder
- Over 7.5 million subscribers since 1974
- 3 call centers
- Average 9 million calls per year

Philips Lifeline - Today

• Manufactured in the U.S.A.

Lifeline Mission: Integrating technology and care delivery to reduce healthcare disparities and improve the quality of life.











Most advanced and most effective wearables in the industry

Our AutoAlert help button is designed to call for help *automatically* when it detects a fall.

The AutoAlert help button **Automatically detects greater than 95% of falls**.

AutoAlert wearables reports twice as many falls as standard Medical Alert devices in comparable populations

The mortality rate from falls has been determined to be 67% when lie times were more than 72 hours, as opposed to 12% when lie times were less than one hour

Of the patients found alive, 62% were hospitalized and approximately half required intensive care. Of the survivors, over 60% are unable to return home



Falls: Common, Costly and Threaten Independence



22 MM fear falls

13.2 MM Age 65+ will fall

2.8MM will be treated in ER

> 800,000 hospitalized 27,000

die

Response Time to Falls:

- o 2 hours if the Senior calls
- o 4.5 hours if a friend calls
- 9 hours if family member calls
- o 72 hours if a landlord calls
- Complications from delay impact costs and length of stay in care
- Falling once doubles your chances of falling again

- O'Loughlin J et al. Incidence of and risk factors for falls and injurious falls among the community-dwelling elderly. American journal of epidemiology, 1993, 137:342-54.

- Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Injury Prevention and Control. <u>Web-based Injury Statistics Query and</u> <u>Reporting System (WISQARS)</u> [online]. Accessed August 5, 2016.

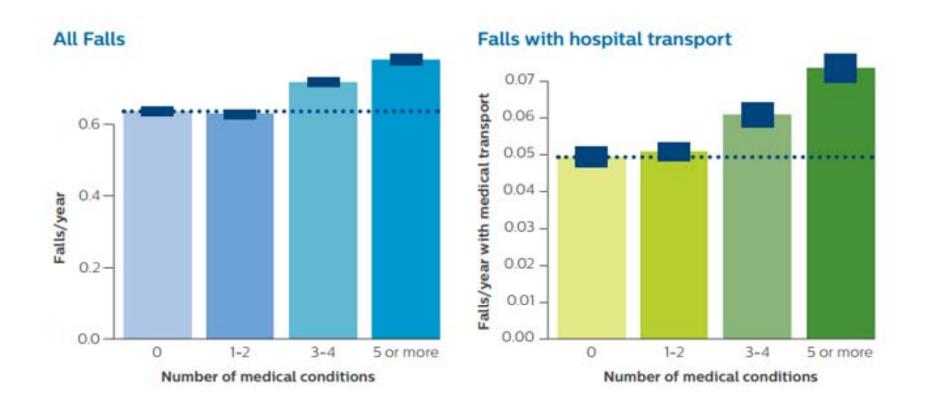
- HCUPnet. Healthcare Cost and Utilization Project (HCUP). 2012. Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality, Rockville, MD. <u>http://hcupnet.ahrq.gov</u>. Accessed 5 August 2016..
- https://www.ncoa.org/news/resources-for-reporters/get-the-facts/falls-prevention-facts/







The more Chronic Conditions, the Greater the Number of Falls AND the Greater Proportion leading to hospital transport





From User Activated to Data Driven Interventions



- 2006 Philips acquired Lifeline. Finds falls are under-reported:
 - Unwilling to press help button (report a fall)
 - Unable to report a fall
 - Too confused/forget to report a fall
- 2010 Philips revolutionized the industry with AutoAlert, automatic fall detection with > 95% accuracy:
 - Twice as many falls reported than standard buttons
 - Time matters response time to falls directly and proportionately affects costs
- 2015 Philips data collection turns into data driven interventions
 - CareSage Predictive Analytics
 - Personal Emergency Response Systems (PERS) with Geo-fencing



Chronic Conditions, as Identified by CMS

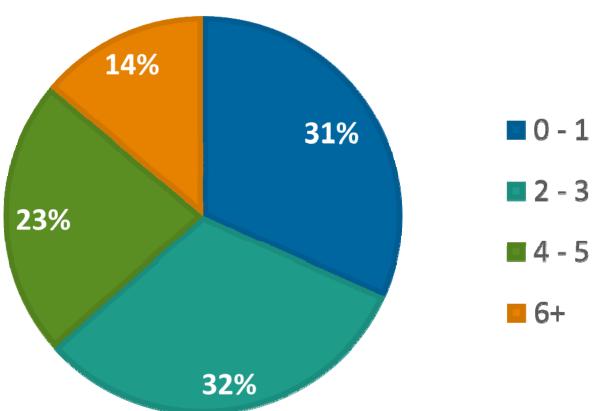


Chronic diseases cannot be prevented by vaccines or cured by medication, nor do they just disappear. *Not Curable but Treatable*

Alzheimer's/Dementia	Depression
Arthritis	Diabetes
Asthma	Heart Failure
Atrial Fibrillation	Hyperlipidemia
Cancer	Hypertension
Chronic Kidney Disease	Ischemic Heart Disease
COPD	Osteoporosis
	Stroke



Multiple Chronic Conditions in Medicare FFS Beneficiaries

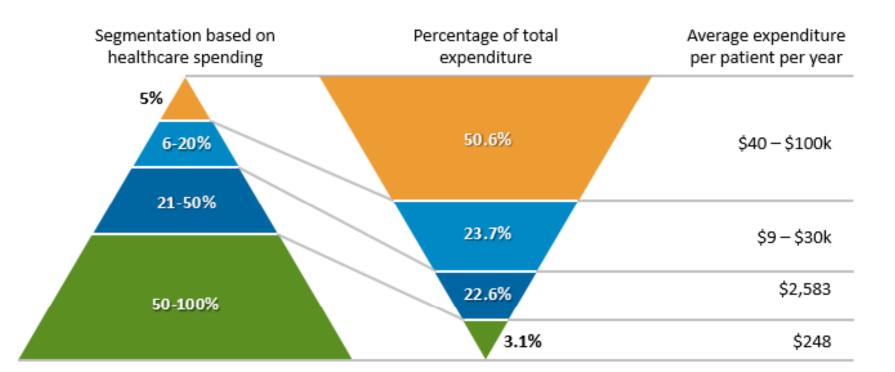


MEDICARE BENEFICIARIES (2012 = 52 MILL)

Source CMS 2012Chartbook



Where to Focus for Greatest Impact



Groups Top %	# of Patients (millions)	Group Expenditure (billions)
5	15	\$607
6 – 20	30	\$284
21 – 50	105	\$271
50 – 100	150	\$37







Economic realities are driving the need for new approaches

- The changing health needs of populations require a different approach
- Digital technologies open new avenues for member engagement, empowerment and self-management
- Visionary players are exploring new collaborative, connected care models

Transforming from	То	By
Episodic	Continuous	Orchestrating comprehensive, 24/7 care with focus on disease prevention and chronically ill
Fragmented	Connected	Connecting patients and care givers, utilizing integrated care plans and data
Volume	Value	Optimizing resources for better health outcomes across populations in lower cost settings

Through Information technology-based services and solutions



Key to Savings



Keeping Vulnerable Populations Living Independently in Their Homes

- Home Monitoring provides continuous 24/7 oversight to care providers and family, enabling longer residency at home
- New technology enables insight and predictability into falls and health deterioration, alerting and engaging care providers when to intervene
- New geo-fencing technology provides peace of mind to family and care providers, enabling those living with mental health conditions to remain in familiar surroundings longer



Disruptive Technology... Today

The Internet of Aging Well Things



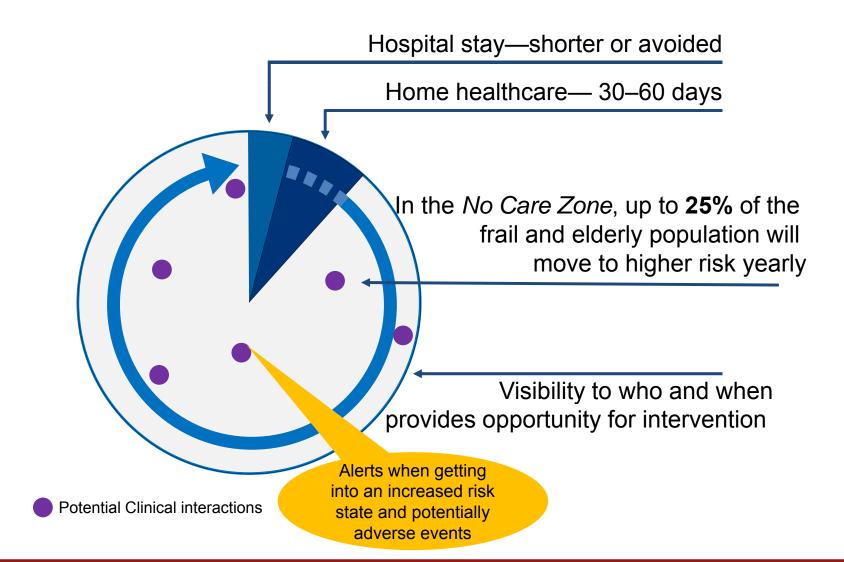




Visibility into the No Care Zone



Actively monitor and intervene with your emerging risk members

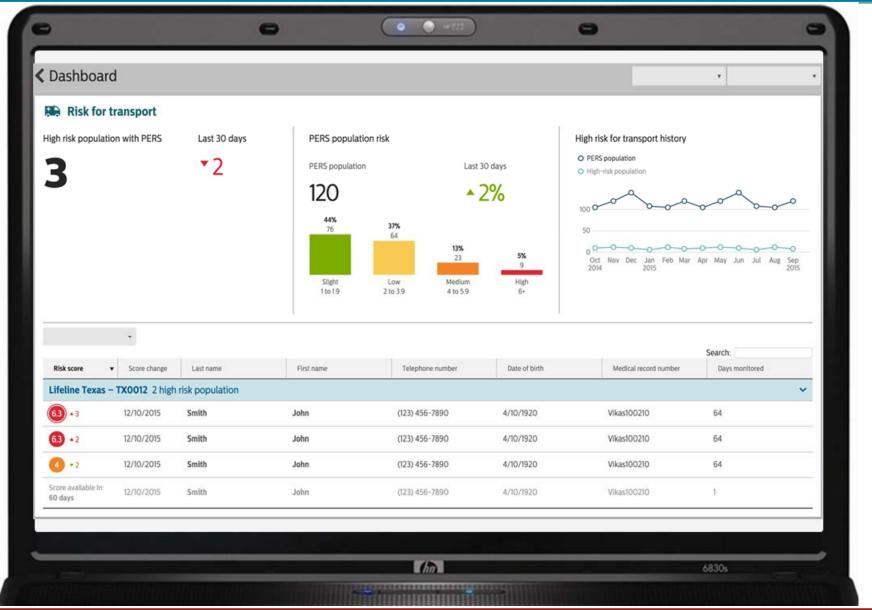




Personalized and Early Intervention

Dashboard				All Locations
Falls risk > Source CASSS faith rink assessment At-home population 551332	3% 22 5% 9 dum High 019 4+	▲ Incidents > Total incidents 2112 Incidents history © % of population with incidents U%	Incident outcomes 32 C EMS transport 112 Responder transport 8 Assist, no transport 60 A Other	Risk for transport > High risk population with PERS 182 PERS population risk PERS population 3604 45 137 137 137 137 137 137
60 4 Accepted Already uses Dec	ents >	IN OCT NOV DEC JAN Feb Mar 2015 Nov Dec Jan Feb Mar 2015 Referral acceptance rate	agement > Last 30 days	11019 21039 41059 6- High risk for transport history 0 High-risk population 6- 0 High-risk population 0 Transport incidents 0 200 0 0 0 0 100 0 <t< td=""></t<>
Enrollment rate 33% Enrolments	Last 30 days ▼ 2% 110 Offers	36% 2 Accepted	▲ 1.5% 200 Tetal population	On Nev Dec Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep 2016

Personalized and Early Intervention



Partners Healthcare Clinical Validation



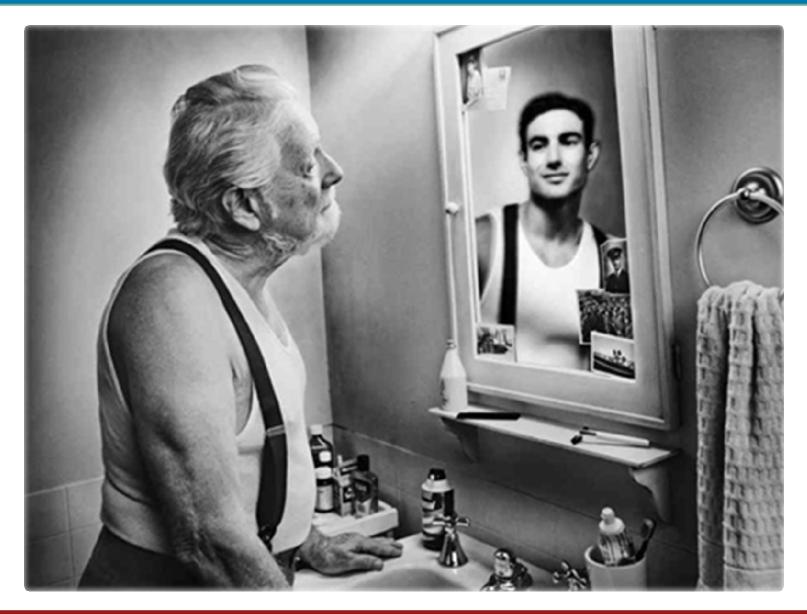
Demonstrated \$3.1M in Potential Hospital Cost Avoidance in a High-Risk Population*

High risk group	FY 15 – 2318 active Lifeline patients
CareSage predictive model threshold	Top 25% of predicted high risk patients
# of high risk patients	580
# of emergency hospital transports	560
# of emergency admissions to Partners	210
# of emergency admissions to other HCOs	350 (leakage)
Avg. cost per emergency admission	\$14,000
Total admission cost Partners	\$2.9 million
Admission cost due to leakage	\$4.8 million
Total admission cost	\$7.7 million
Intervention cost per patient	\$1,500
Total intervention cost	\$0.9 million
Impact of intervention 40%	224 admission avoided
Avoided admission costs	\$3.1 million
Net savings	\$2.2 million

* Golas, S.B., et. al. (2016, April) *Retrospective Evaluation of Philips Lifeline CareSage Predictive Model on Patients of Partners Healthcare at Home.* Poster session presented at the American Telemedicine Association, Minneapolis, MN.











Nick Padula, Vice President Home Healthcare Monitoring, North America nick.padula@philips.com





innovation 🕂 you



APPENDIX

Data Collection And Clinical Intervention Opportunities Abundant





Medication Dispensing Service

This service has a 98.6% dispensing adherence level⁴ Medication adherence is a serious threat to independent living.



GoSafe with AutoAlert is designed for monitoring wandering seniors and those with deficient memories. It includes features like geofencing.



CareSensus enables new remote care services

- No Cameras
- Face to Face Contact
- Data Driven Insights through Cloud Technology

⁴ 98.6% dispensing adherence was derived from the Philips Medication Dispensing Service online database activity and monitored unit activity, having been calculated by number of scheduled doses/number of dispenses



Technological Line-of-Sight and Tethering



Tablet

Embedded software measurement gateway with front and rear facing camera.

Blood Pressure Monitor

Sends real-time communication data of blood pressure measurements immediately upon patient taking the measurement.





Start N

98.6



Weight Scale

Low step, a wide, steady platform, a large digital display and voice announcement.

Glucose Meter Accessories

Works with select models of Bayer, LifeScan and Abbott glucose meters.





Pulse Oximeter

Measures SpO_2 and provides pulse rate spot-checking monitoring – features algorithms specifically for patients with challenging conditions.





What Makes **Us Healthy** ACCESS TO CARE 10% **GENETICS 20% ENVIRONMENT 20%** HEALTHY BEHAVIORS

What We Spend On Being Healthy

MEDICA SERVICES **HEALTHY BEHAVIORS 4%** Ď đã Č đã Č đã Č **OTHER 8%**

Source: Bipartisan Policy Center, "F" as in Fat: How Obesity Threatens America's Future (TFAH/RWJF, Aug. 2013)

